

10-2-2020 Positive News on the Economic Front, But Risks Remain A Corona Virus Update from Chris Phelps, Advisor

As we move into October a lot of things are beginning to change. Various states are opening up their economies and reducing restrictions, most notably Florida. Schools and universities are going back into session in-person. Locally, Poway Unified School District has opened for in-person learning and my wife is looking forward to seeing her preschoolers, albeit from behind a mask. Medical and economic conditions both locally and nationally, continue to improve. The stock market remains volatile due to the uncertainties embedded in the medical risks we face but the recovery continues apace with much support from consumers, businesses, and the Federal Reserve. Hopefully, we can begin to see the light at the end of the tunnel.

In San Diego County, the daily new case level seven-day average continues to drop from 282 per day to 251 per day. San Diego County hospitalizations currently stand at just 230 of which 187 are confirmed virus cases. This compares with over 300 hospitalized three weeks ago. California reported new daily cases continue to trend down with the current seven-day average at 3,292 compared to 4,630 three weeks ago. A decline of 29%. Also, hospitalizations continue to trend down significantly with total positive and suspected cases hospitalized standing at 3,205 as of September 30, 2020. This compares to 4,425 three weeks ago (a drop of about 1,220) or a decline of 28%. Based on 792 “associated” Covid-19 deaths in San Diego County as of yesterday, infection fatality rates continue to hold steady at 0.03% for those under age 60, 0.40% for ages 60-69 and 1.7% for those age 70 or older. The state of California has essentially identical infection fatality rates. For some context, both California virus case and hospitalization levels are currently at one-third of where we were two months ago at the end of July. This likely reflects that we are beginning to reach herd immunity levels, our medical systems are employing better therapeutic regimens and the virus is likely mutating into less virulent forms. This trend continues to be a very positive development, both medically and economically as California continues to re-open (hopefully).

Stocks dropped early in September but spent the rest of the month gaining back the losses. Overall, stocks appear balanced between positives and negatives. The upcoming election and the uncertainty of the outcome is weighing on investors. The declining prospect of a new fiscal stimulus package also appears to be creating volatility in the stock market. Economically, news is generally good with the Conference Board Consumer Confidence Index increasing to 101.8 from 86.3 in August. Business confidence as evidenced by increasing capital expenditures is growing. New and existing home sales continue to surge and forecasts of corporate earnings imply recovery by the end of this year. Massive monetary support from the Federal Reserve continues to be a tailwind with the possibility that some sort of fiscal stimulus package may be enacted this year. On the negative side initial weekly unemployment claims are remaining level and virus infections have trended up slightly raising the specter of future shutdowns. In the short term I expect stocks to remain volatile but will likely trade in a range pending the results of the election. On the whole however, the above developments continue to indicate that the economic recovery is still on track and expanding. Volatility will always be with us, but I believe the U.S. economy and consumer will also continue to grow over the longer term.

I have attached this week's letter by Brad McMillan, Commonwealth's Chief Investment Officer. He remains concerned that new cases of the virus upticked to some extent and how that may affect re-openings in various states. He further states that risks remain, but they appear to be under control at the State and National levels. I continue to agree that we are on the right track both economically and with respect to containment of Covid-19. If you would like to learn a little more about Brad, I encourage you to visit his blog site at;

<https://blog.commonwealth.com/independent-market-observer>

I am always available to you via phone, zoom conference or in person. I encourage you to remain optimistic and to do what you can to contribute to growing the economy. I look forward to talking with you over the next few weeks. If you have any questions or if we can be of any help, please do not hesitate to contact Linda or me.

As always, stay safe and healthy!

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Positive News on Economic Front, But Risks Remain

Presented by Christopher Phelps

The good news on the medical front is that the pandemic is still under control, with the case growth rate remaining low. The bad news is that, over the past week, case growth has started to tick up again on a seven-day average basis, as post-Labor Day infections begin to register and as schools and universities reopen. With case growth in many states showing increases, this may be a growing problem.

Nationally (as of September 29), the daily spread rate is 0.6 percent per day, the same as the previous week. During the week, however, we did see that rate increase on several days. Because of this, the seven-day average of the daily number of new cases has increased to 42,800, up from just over 41,000 last week, and back to the levels of late August. While case growth remains below July levels, the numbers continue to creep up. The increase is still fairly slow, but it has been consistent over the past two weeks. It is a clear sign that risks may rise further over the next couple of weeks.

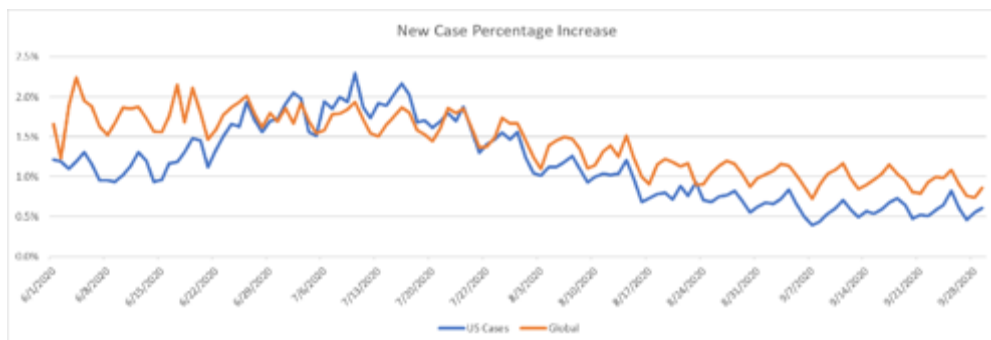
The testing news was better, as the number of tests has continued to trend up, although it remains quite variable. As testing levels continue to increase, we look to be getting closer to adequate levels. The fact that the positive testing rate has continued to decline and is now around and even below the recommended maximum of 5 percent suggests that we are getting close to the testing level sufficient at the moment to keep the virus under control.

Beyond the headline numbers, state-level data is worsening, as multiple states are showing rising infection rates. The breadth of faster infection growth and rising case rates show that national risks, while still under control, are rising.

While the medical risks are back in play, the economic recovery has been better. Consumer confidence and spending, an area of concern, have shown better data, which is encouraging. Financial markets have also ticked up, with a substantial recovery since the drop at the start of the month. Let's take a look at the details.

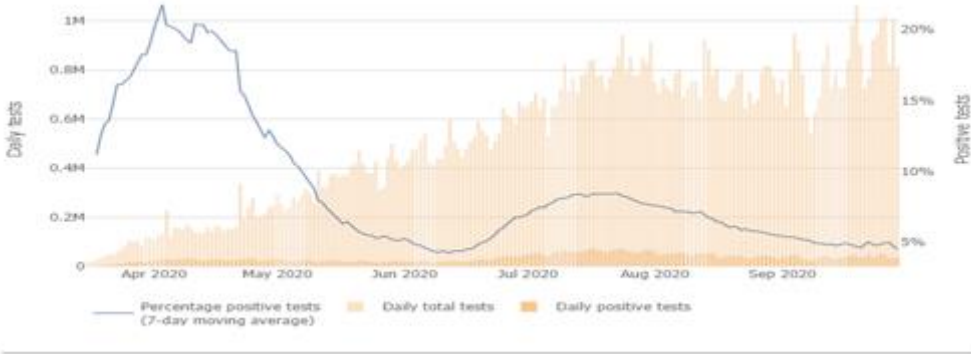
The Virus: Growth Rate Remains Low

Growth rate. The daily case growth rate stayed steady last week, ending the reporting period at 0.6 percent per day, the same as the previous week. While this was good news, we also saw a spike during the week, and overall the spread rate was higher than the previous week. The upward variability in the spread rate suggests that the medical effects of the Labor Day gatherings, as well as school and university reopenings, may be starting to show up.



Source: Data from worldometer.com

Positive test results. As the case growth rate has shown signs of rising again, testing has also started to trend up, although it remains variable. The positive rate on tests remains around 5 percent, which is close to an acceptable level. If we look at the percentage of each day's tests that are positive, lower numbers are better, as we want to be testing everyone and not just those who are obviously sick. The World Health Organization recommends a target of 5 percent or lower, which we are now achieving. One potential positive result of the increased testing is that some of the increased case growth may be due to better testing, although that remains to be seen.



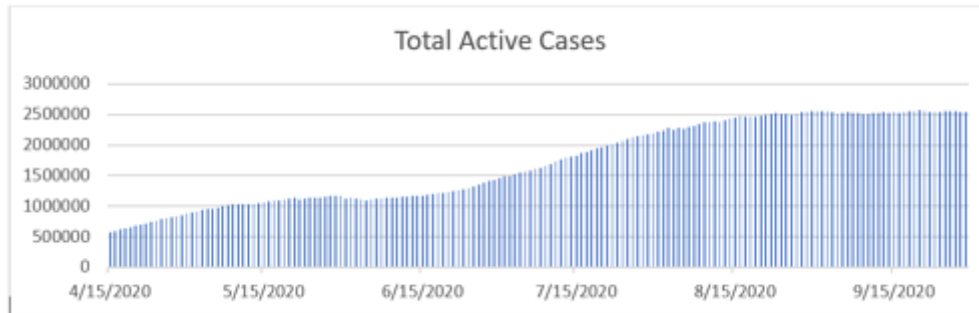
Source: Johns Hopkins University

New cases per day. The most obvious metric for tracking the virus is daily new cases. Here, we see more signs that Labor Day gatherings, as well as school and university reopenings, have started to increase viral spread. The seven-day average number of new cases per day rose from just over 41,000 per day last week to just over 42,800 per day. This is the second week in a row we have seen this increase, and the new case rate is now back to levels seen at the end of August—a reversal of the improvement seen in previous weeks. This is a sign of rising risks and will need to be watched.



Source: Data from worldometer.com

Total active cases. Even as the number of new cases has started to rise again, the number of active cases remains fairly stable. If case growth remains under control, the number of active cases would continue to remain stable, which would be a positive sign.



Source: Data from worldometer.com

Overall, the pandemic remains under control at the national level, although we are seeing signs of increased viral spread. At the state level, the health emergencies have largely passed, although concerns are growing in many states. The good news here is that even with the rising infection rates, we still largely have the virus under control at the national level, but the state-level risks are rising.

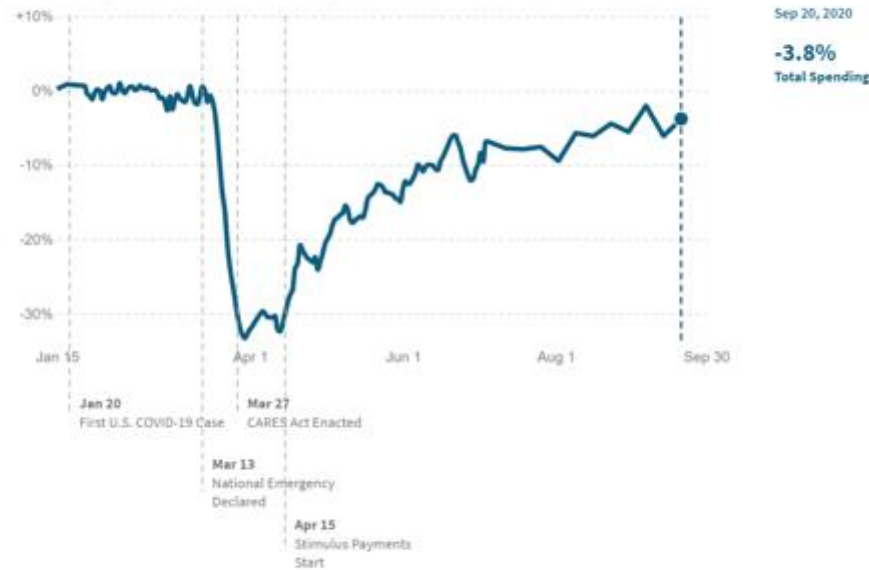
Looking forward, the question is whether current conditions will continue into the fall. As noted above, the recent Labor Day gatherings, combined with the ongoing reopening of school districts and universities, look to have increased the infection rate based on the most recent data. Given the lags between infection and detection, we still have several weeks to go before the full effect will be seen, so the risks remain material. These will be something we need to watch.

The Economy: Positive Signs in Recovery

Consumer economy. The economic news has shown signs of improvement. While the job market continues to show slower improvement, the effects on consumer confidence and spending are becoming less apparent. Consumer confidence has bounced off of post-pandemic lows, and consumer spending has returned to a positive trend, after signs of a reversal. While these metrics remain something to watch, this improvement does suggest the effect of the expiration of expanded federal unemployment benefits may not slow the recovery as much as feared.

Percent Change in All Consumer Spending*

In the United States, as of September 20 2020, total spending by all consumers decreased by 3.8% compared to January 2020.



*Change in average consumer credit and debit card spending, indexed to January 4-31, 2020 and seasonally adjusted. This series refers to daily data through July 5/6, 2020 and weekly data after July 13/14, 2020. This series is based on data from Affinity Solutions.

Last updated: September 29, 2020 next update expected: October 06, 2020

Source: <https://tracktherecovery.org/>

Business sector. On top of the signs of improvement in the consumer economy, the business sector continues to do well. Business confidence and investment are largely back to pre-pandemic levels, and specific higher-frequency indicators are showing improvement in many cases, as we can see in this composite of many indicators from J. P. Morgan.

High frequency US data tracker

Index, with 0 = lowest observed value and 100 = highest observed value, Jan 1 2020 to present



Source: WWPA, EIA, AISI, EEI, AAR, Redbook, Census Bureau, TSA.gov, Apple, Smith Travel, MBA, Google, ThinkNum, JPMAM. September 29, 2020.

Source: J. P. Morgan

The big picture is that, despite the rise in the medical risks, the recovery is still on track. Still, consumer spending, at more than two-thirds of the economy, may be at risk despite recent improvements. While this risk is offset by strong business sentiment, it will bear watching.

The Markets: Rally Despite Growing Worries

Financial markets have rallied since the start of the month, despite the growing worries about rising medical risks. Given the data we reviewed above, those doubts seem reasonable, which suggests we might see more volatility ahead despite the improvement since the start of the month. That said, the fact that both the medical and economic risks are still relatively low should continue to provide support.

The Risks Are Real

The real news this week is that the pandemic remains under control, although medical risks are starting to rise again. The effects of the Labor Day exposures and school reopenings are starting to appear in the data, and we have a couple of more weeks to go until the full effects will be apparent. With the data so far showing signs of rising risk, it will need to be watched.

The economic risks are also real. Despite recent positive news, we do see some slowing in the recovery. That will also need to be watched, especially if the medical risks rise. But at the moment, the recovery continues, and there is a real possibility it will accelerate again if the medical risks remain constrained or, especially, if another federal income support program is passed. The risks are real, but so are the opportunities.

Finally, markets continue to be turbulent as investors process the different risks, and more volatility is quite possible. But the fact that, as of now, the medical risks remain contained and the economic recovery continues has brought markets back and should continue to provide support.

Given all of this, over the next couple of weeks, the most likely case appears to be some deterioration of the medical news (although likely to a limited degree) and continued slow improvement on the economic fronts. There are certainly risks coming into focus, and we need to be aware of them. But for the moment, the news remains positive.

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